Attorney Docket No.: 063060

Amendment under 37 CFR §1.111

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

The listing of claims below replaces all prior versions of claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method,

characterized in that it comprises the steps of:

depositing an amorphous thin film made of an objective substance and a flux of a

substance producing a eutectic with said objective substance but not producing any compound

with said objective substance, on a substrate at a first temperature less than a eutectic point of

said objective and flux substances, and

heat-treating said substrate at a second temperature not less than the eutectic point of said

objective-and flux substances and less than whichever-lower-one-of melting-points-of said

objective and flux substances so as to form a eutectic made of said objective and flux substances;

wherein

said first temperature is less than a eutectic point of said objective and flux substances,

and

said second temperature is not less than the eutectic point of said objective and flux

substances and less than the lower melting point of said objective and flux substances.

2. (Original): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method as set forth in claim 1,

characterized in that said flux is of an amount which is selected according to an amount of said

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objective substance to be grown so that the objective and flux substances have a composition

ratio at said eutectic point.

3. (Currently Amended): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method,

characterized in that it comprises the steps of:

depositing a thin film made of an objective substance and a thin film made of a flux of a

substance producing a eutectic with said objective substance but not producing any compound

with said objective substance, on a substrate at a first temperature less than a eutectic point of

said objective and flux substances, and

heat-treating said substrate at a second temperature not less than the eutectic point of said

objective and flux substances and less than whichever lower one of melting points of said

objective and flux substances so as to form a eutectic made of said objective and flux substances;

wherein

said first temperature is less than a eutectic point of said objective and flux substances,

and

said second temperature is not less than the eutectic point of said objective and flux

substances and less than the lower melting point of said objective and flux substances.

4. (Original): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method as set forth in claim 3,

characterized in that said flux is of an amount which is selected according to an amount of said

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objective substance to be grown so that the objective and flux substances have a composition

ratio at said eutectic point.

5. (Currently Amended): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method as set forth

in any one of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that it comprises the steps of:

depositing an amorphous thin film made of an objective substance and a flux of a

substance producing a eutectic with said objective substance but not producing any compound

with said objective substance, on a substrate at a temperature less than a eutectic point of said

objective and flux substances, and

heat-treating said substrate at a temperature not less than the eutectic point of said

objective and flux substances and less than the lower melting point of said objective and flux

substances,

wherein said objective substance is a multi-component oxide which contains Bi as a

constituent element, and said flux is of the substance producing the eutectic with said multi-

component oxide containing Bi as a constituent element and not producing any compound

therewith.

6. (Original): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method as set forth in claim 5,

characterized in that said multi-component oxide which contains Bi as a constituent element is

one selected from the group which consists of Bi₄Ti₃O₁₂, Bi₄BaTi₄O₁₅, SrBi₂Ta₂O₃ and

Bi₂Sr₂CaCu₂O₈, and said flux is a ternary composition of Bi₂O₃ – CuO – TiO family.

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7. (Original): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method as set forth in claim 6,

characterized in that said multi-component oxide which contains Bi as a constituent element is

Bi₄Ti₃O₁₂, and said ternary composition of Bi₂O₃ – CuO – TiO family is Bi₂O₃.

8. (Currently Amended): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method as set forth

in any one of claims 1 to 4 claim 5, characterized in that said substrate is a single-crystal

substrate or a substrate covered with a single-crystal thin film.

9. (Original): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method as set forth in claim 8,

characterized in that said single-crystal substrate or said single-crystal thin film is of one

composition selected from the group which consists of SrTiO₃, Al₂O₃, Si, LaAlO₃, MgO and

NdGaO₃.

10. (New): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method as set forth in claim 5,

characterized in that said flux is of an amount which is selected according to an amount of said

objective substance to be grown so that the objective and flux substances have a composition

ratio at said eutectic point.

11. (New): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method as set forth in any one of

elaims 1 to 4, characterized in that it comprises the steps of:

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depositing a thin film made of an objective substance and a thin film made of a flux of a

substance producing a eutectic with said objective substance but not producing any compound

with said objective substance, on a substrate at a temperature less than a eutectic point of said

objective and flux substances, and

heat-treating said substrate at a temperature not less than the eutectic point of said

objective and flux substances and less than the lower melting point of said objective and flux

substances,

wherein said objective substance is a multi-component oxide which contains Bi as a

constituent element, and said flux is of the substance producing the eutectic with said multi-

component oxide containing Bi as a constituent element and not producing any compound

therewith.

12. (New): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method as set forth in claim 10,

characterized in that said flux is of an amount which is selected according to an amount of said

objective substance to be grown so that the objective and flux substances have a composition

ratio at said eutectic point.

13. (New): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method as set forth in claim 10,

characterized in that said substrate is a single-crystal substrate or a substrate covered with a

single-crystal thin film.

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14. (New): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method as set forth in claim 11, characterized in that said substrate is a single-crystal substrate or a substrate covered with a

single-crystal thin film.

15. (New): A flux assisted solid phase epitaxial growth method as set forth in claim 12,

characterized in that said substrate is a single-crystal substrate or a substrate covered with a

single-crystal thin film.

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